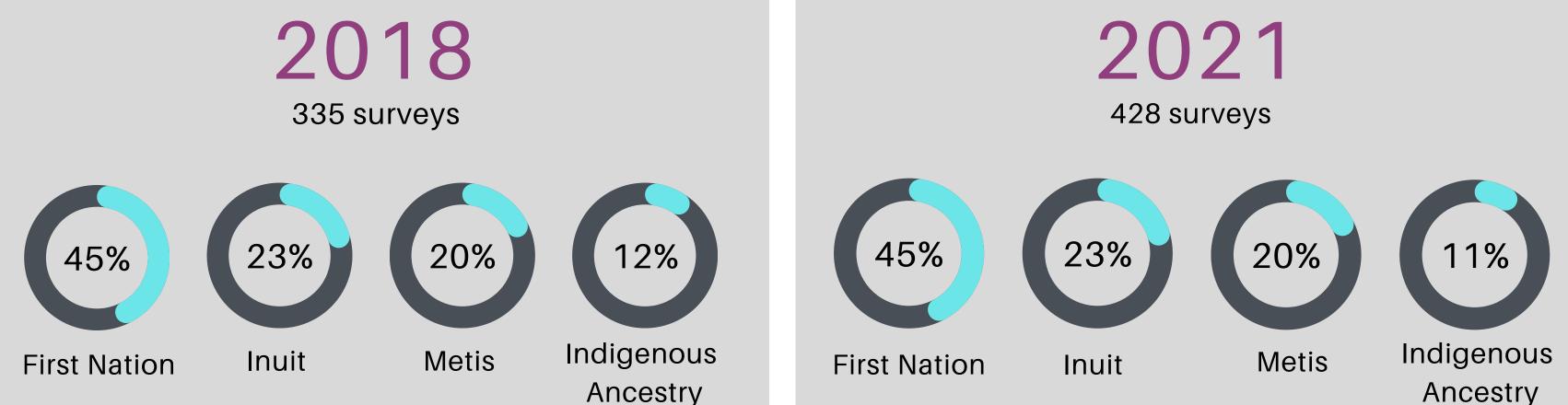


The City of Ottawa acknowledges that the Indigenous community represent 4% of the population in Ottawa-Gatineau. In the 2021 Point-in-Time count, 32% of people experiencing homelessness identified as Indigenous.



Ancestry

HOMELESSNESS EXPERIENCES

Duration of Homelessness in Age First Experienced the Last Year Homelessness **365 DAYS** of homelessness 0 - 18• 44% in 2018 and **40%** in 2018 2021 years old 34% in 2021 • 36% in 2018 and 13-18 Access to Shelter in the 2021 years old Last Year Youngest ages were 0-1 years old over both years. did not 22% 29% access Oldest ages were 70 (2018) and 74 (2021) shelters in 2021 in 2018



FINDING HOUSING

9%

9%

6%

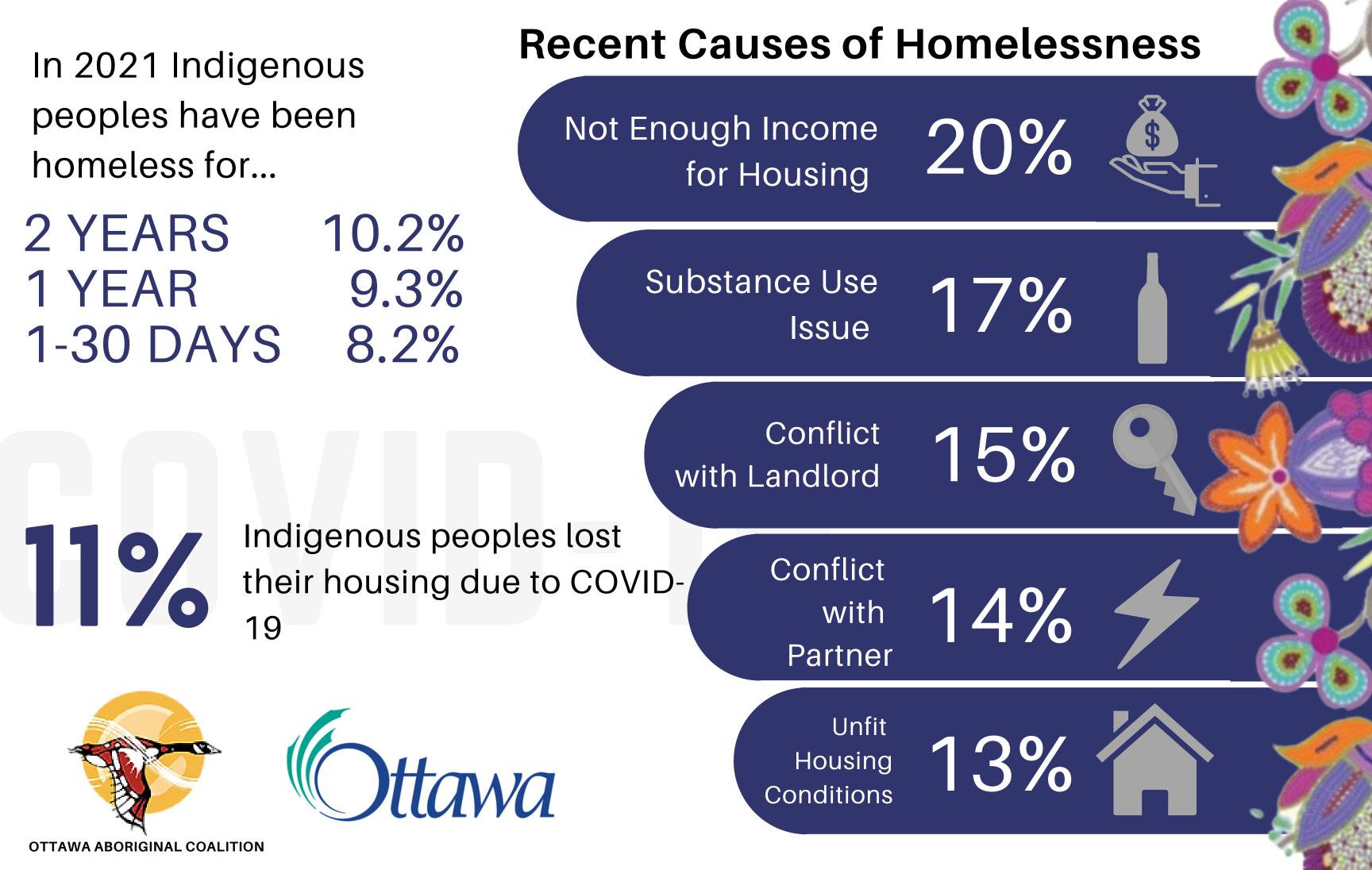
People need the following supports to help with their housing journey... 2021

- Mental Health Resources 39%
- Addictions/Substance use support 36%
- Serious/ongoing medical condition 21%
- Physical Disability
- Learning disability
- Brain Injury

Barriers to Finding Housing

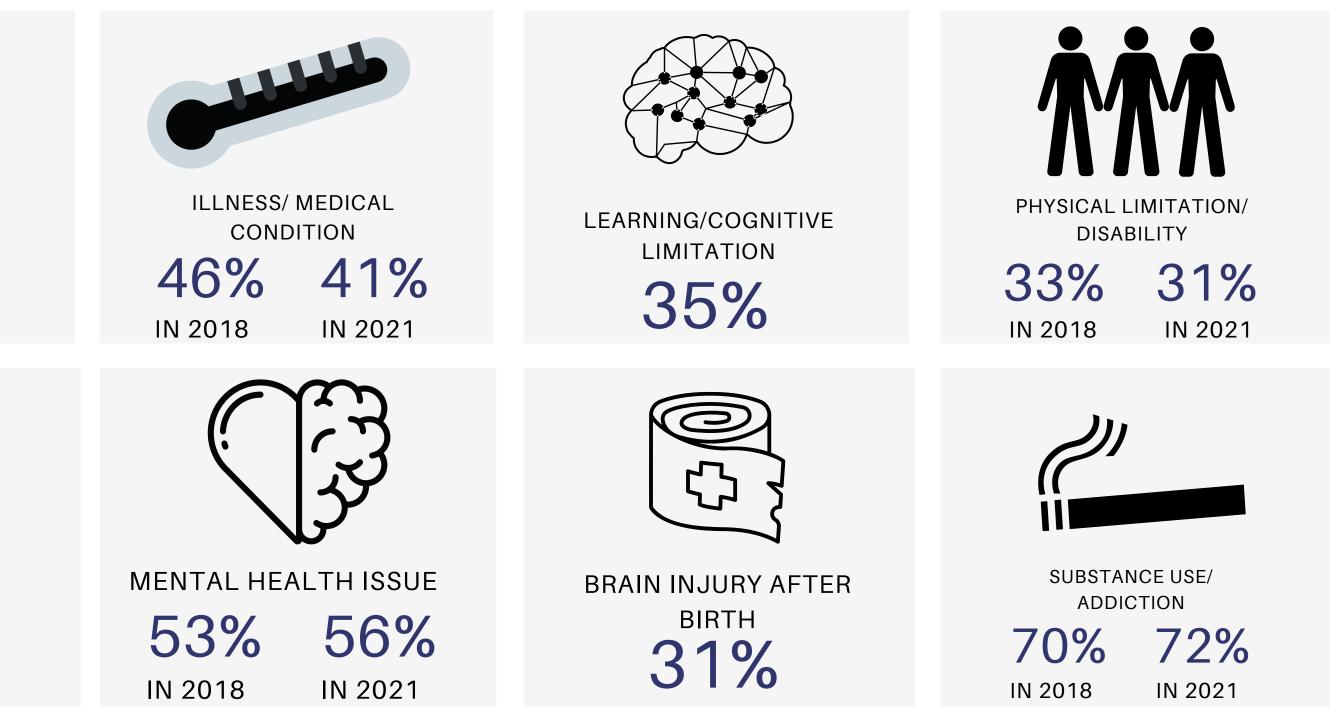
Rent is				Poor Housing	No Income
too	Low	Addiction	Discrimin-	Conditions	Assistance
High	Income	Addiction	ation		
19.1%	18.3%	9.3%	8.5%	7.6%	7.1%

CURRENT EXPERIENCE OF HOMELESSNESS (2021)



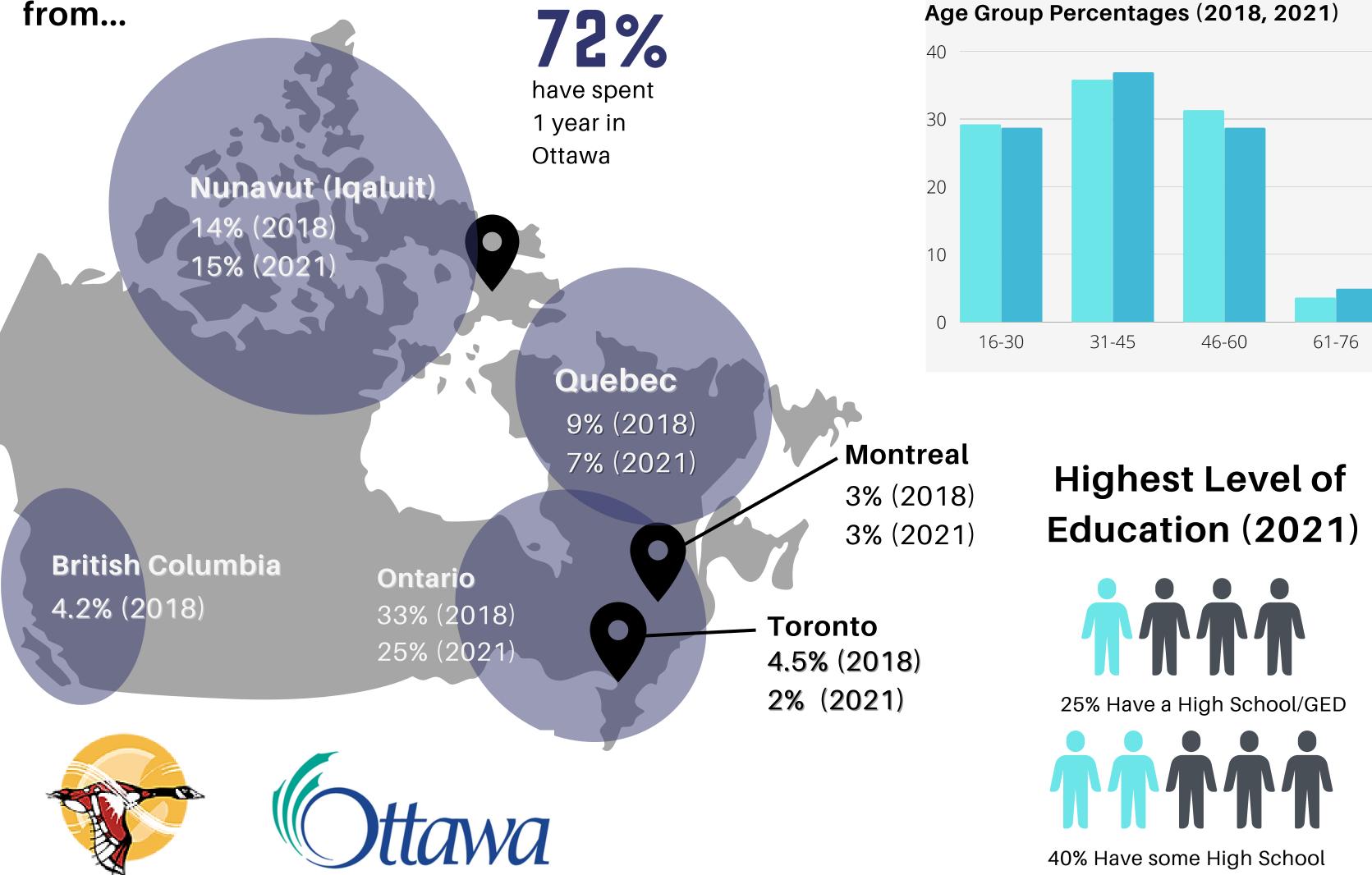


HEALTH CHALLENGES



DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

People came to Ottawa



OTTAWA ABORIGINAL COALITION

CHILDREN IN CARE AND HOMELESSNESS EXPERIENCES

In 2018 In 2021

of Indigenous **47%** people who are homeless where also where a part of group **43%** homes or foster care.

After leaving foster care, people experienced the following in one to ten days...

> 6% WERE HOMELESS 1 DAY AFTER LEAVING FOSTER CARE

IN 2018

IN 2021 14%

WERE HOMELESS 1 DAY AFTER LEAVING FOSTER CARE

IN 2021, THIS NUMBER **INCREASED TO**

21%

WITHIN 10 DAYS OF LEAVING FOSTER CARE

ttawa

8% THERE WAS AN 8% INCREASE OVER THREE YEARS FOR INDIGENOUS YOUTH ONE DAY **AFTER LEAVING FOSTER CARE**



OTTAWA ABORIGINAL COALITION